Swiss Re's 2020 economic result was impacted by COVID-19, partially offset by a strong contribution from investment activities.

Contents

| EVM performance | 36 |
|------------------------------|----|
| EVM financial information | 40 |
| Independent Assurance Report | 48 |

EVM performance

The economic result in Reinsurance and Corporate Solutions was impacted by the large losses related to the COVID-19 pandemic, partially offset by strong performance from investment activities.



Economic Value Management (EVM) is Swiss Re's proprietary integrated economic valuation and steering framework, which consistently measures economic performance across all businesses.

Swiss Re reported a total contribution to economic net worth (ENW) of USD -434 million in 2020, compared to USD 2.9 billion in 2019. On a risk-adjusted basis, Swiss Re reported an EVM loss of USD 3.6 billion in 2020, compared to an EVM loss of USD 19 million in 2019.

John R. DaceyGroup Chief Financial Officer

GG

The strong underlying business performance in 2020, excluding COVID-19-related losses, resulted in economic net worth per share growth of 10.3%. §§

-3.6EVM profit
in USD billions, 2020
(2019: USD -19 million)

Total contribution to ENW in USD millions, 2020 (2019: USD 2.9 billion)

-0.1% ENW per share growth over-the-cycle target: 10% (2019: 8.2%)

10.3%
ENW per share growth (excl. COVID-19)

Group performance

The EVM loss of USD 3.6 billion in 2020 reflected the impact of COVID-19 claims and reserves of USD 3.7 billion (COVID-19-related impacts disclosed net of expenses, taxes and capital costs). Excluding COVID-19-related impacts, Reinsurance and Corporate Solutions showed strong new business performance.

The EVM profit on new business was USD 9 million in 2020, compared to USD 1.2 billion in 2019. Excluding the COVID-19 claims and reserves of USD 1.2 billion, the 2020 result was driven by strong renewals in Property & Casualty Reinsurance, transactional growth in Life & Health Reinsurance and good underwriting performance in Corporate Solutions. This was partially offset by continued investments in the open book businesses in Life Capital as well as overhead expenses in Group items.

The EVM loss from previous years' business amounted to USD 4.3 billion in 2020, compared to an EVM loss of USD 3.3 billion in 2019. Excluding COVID-19-related claims and reserves of USD 2.5 billion, the result mainly reflected the adverse impacts of capital cost updates for Life & Health Reinsurance and negative development for the US liability portfolio in Property & Casualty Reinsurance.

Investment activities generated an EVM profit of USD 683 million in 2020, compared to a profit of USD 2.1 billion in 2019. The 2020 result reflected favourable interest rate impacts on a net long duration position and strong real estate performance. The 2019 result was driven by spread tightening on credit investments as well as strong performance across equities and alternative investments.

ENW per share growth amounted to -0.1% in 2020, below the over-the-cycle target of 10%. Excluding COVID-19-related claims and reserves the ENW per share growth was 10.3%.

Key information

| USD millions, unless otherwise stated | 2019 | 2020 | Change in % |
|---|--------|--------|-------------|
| EVM profit | -19 | -3590 | _ |
| Total contribution to ENW | 2932 | -434 | _ |
| Economic net worth (ENW) | 36 138 | 33652 | -7 |
| Economic net worth per share in USD | 124.33 | 116.45 | -6 |
| Economic net worth per share growth, %1 | 8.2 | -O.1 | |
| Profit margin – new business, % | 3.0 | 0.0 | |
| Profit margin – previous years' business, % | -14.2 | -16.1 | |
| Profit margin – investments, % | 21.8 | 5.9 | |

¹ ENW per share growth is calculated as follows: (current-year closing ENW per share + current year dividends per share) ÷ (prior-year closing ENW per share + current year opening balance sheet adjustments per share).

Business segment performance

Property & Casualty Reinsurance reported an EVM loss of USD 2.0 billion in 2020, compared to a loss of USD 1.4 billion in 2019. EVM loss on new business of USD 433 million was driven by COVID-19related claims and reserves of USD 1.2 billion. EVM profit excluding COVID-19-related impacts was USD 720 million with strong renewals from property natural catastrophe and specialty. The casualty business was impacted by lower interest rates, partially offset by volume and profitability improvements. EVM loss on previous years' business was USD 1.5 billion due to COVID-19-related claims of USD 689 million, US liability experience and assumption updates, large natural catastrophe losses mainly in Australia as well as several man-made loss updates. This was partially compensated by reserve releases for large natural catastrophe losses. Investment activities generated an EVM loss of USD 91 million in 2020, compared to a profit of USD 627 million in 2019. The 2020 loss reflected the impact from declining interest rates on a net short duration position, partially offset by strong real estate performance. The 2019 EVM profit reflected strong performance across equity and alternative investments as well as the impact of credit spread tightening.

Life & Health Reinsurance reported an EVM loss of USD 207 million in 2020 compared to a profit of USD 1.8 billion in 2019. EVM profit on new business of USD 1.0 billion reflected strong transactional business growth in EMEA, mainly due to large longevity transactions, as well as life transactions in the Americas. EVM loss on previous years' business of USD 1.8 billion included the impact of COVID-19-related claims and reserves of USD 995 million, mainly driven by higher incurred and expected mortality claims in the US and the UK as well as higher disability claims mainly in Australia. In addition, the result was impacted by capital cost updates. Investment activities generated an EVM profit of USD 551 million in 2020, compared to USD 739 million in 2019. The 2020 EVM profit was driven by favourable interest rate impacts on a net long duration position. The 2019 EVM profit reflected the impact of credit spread tightening as well as positive equity performance.

Corporate Solutions reported an EVM loss of USD 706 million in 2020, compared to a loss of USD 805 million in 2019. The EVM loss on new business of USD 98 million was mainly driven by COVID-19-related claims and reserves, and losses on insurance in derivative form due to the mild winter in Europe. Excluding COVID-19-related impacts, the new business loss was USD 41 million. The EVM loss on previous years' business of USD 624 million was significantly impacted by COVID-19-related claims and reserves, driven by anticipated claims for event cancellations, non-damage business interruption losses, and credit & surety claims. Excluding COVID-19-related impacts, the previous years' business reported a profit of USD 156 million, a turnaround of USD 1.2 billion compared to 2019. The profit reflected the benefits of the management actions taken to improve profitability and low large man-made claims activity, partially offset by credit&surety recession-related anticipated losses on the existing portfolio, as well as a credit&surety premium takedown to account for future cancellations. Investment activities generated an EVM profit of USD 17 million in 2020, compared to a profit of USD 112 million in 2019, with results in 2020 driven by interest rates and equity performance, albeit lower than in the prior year. The 2019 EVM profit reflected the impact of credit spread tightening and favourable performance from equity investments.

Life Capital generated an EVM loss of USD 511 million in 2020, compared to a profit of USD 591 million in 2019. The EVM loss on new business was USD 268 million, mainly driven by expenses for the open books and the running of Life Capital as well as capital costs, which more than offset the gross underwriting result generated by the open books. The EVM loss on previous years' business was USD 233 million, impacted by a true-up to the gain on the sale of ReAssure mainly driven by an unfavourable movement in the Phoenix share price prior to the sale, underperformance in elipsLife and unfavourable persistency in the closed book US business. Investment activities generated an EVM loss of USD 10 million, compared to a profit of USD 596 million in 2019. The 2020 EVM loss was mainly related to ReAssure with unfavourable performance driven by spread widening on UK credit investments as well as

unfavourable performance from the implied equity exposure arising from the unit-linked business. This was partially offset by positive performance of Phoenix shares following the sale of ReAssure and the related hedge as well as the favourable interest rate impacts on a net long duration position in Life Capital.

Group items reported an EVM loss of USD 191 million in 2020, compared to a loss of USD 184 million in 2019. The EVM loss on new business was USD 238 million in 2020, mainly driven by overhead expenses and capital costs on excess capital, partially offset by trademark licence fees charged to the business segments. The EVM loss on previous years' business was USD 169 million, mainly driven by an increase in overhead expenses and the impact of a business re-segmentation from Life & Health Reinsurance and Life Capital to Group items. Investment activities generated an EVM profit of USD 216 million in 2020, compared to a loss of USD 6 million in 2019, reflecting improved performance from Principal Investments.

Business segments – key information

| USD millions, unless otherwise stated | Property & Casualty Reinsurance | Life & Health Reinsurance | Corporate Solutions | Life Capital | Group items | Total |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------|
| | | | | · . | | |
| 2019 | | | | | | |
| EVM profit | -1396 | 1775 | -805 | 591 | -184 | -19 |
| Total contribution to ENW | -351 | 2656 | -727 | 937 | 417 | 2932 |
| Profit margin – new business, % | -1.1 | 7.8 | 5.3 | 7.2 | n/a | 3.0 |
| Profit margin – previous years' business, % | -19.5 | -2.5 | -88.8 | -6.9 | n/a | -14.2 |
| Profit margin – investments, % | 23.2 | 18.8 | 20.5 | n/a | -0.3 | 21.8 |
| 2020 | | | | | | |
| EVM profit | -1 975 | -207 | -706 | -511 | -191 | -3590 |
| Total contribution to ENW | -714 | 820 | -513 | -302 | 276 | -434 |
| Profit margin – new business, % | -2.7 | 4.6 | -4.3 | -33.7 | n/a | 0.0 |
| Profit margin – previous years' business, % | -12.7 | -14.6 | -42.4 | -17.3 | n/a | -16.1 |
| Profit margin – investments, % | -3.8 | 13.2 | 3.1 | n/a | 5.1 | 5.9 |

EVM financial information

EVM income statement

For the years ended 31 December

| USD millions, unless otherwise stated 2019 | 2020 |
|---|--------|
| | |
| Underwriting result | |
| Gross premiums and fees 58 325 | 60449 |
| Gross premiums and fees growth rate, % 30.2 | 3.6 |
| Premiums and fees 57 120 | 58641 |
| Premiums and fees retention rate, % 97.9 | 97.0 |
| Premiums and fees growth rate, % 30.2 | 2.7 |
| Claims and benefits -40913 | -43488 |
| Commissions -9536 | -8827 |
| Other 452 | -44 |
| Gross underwriting result – new business 7123 | 6 282 |
| Expenses -3639 | -3731 |
| Net underwriting result – new business 3485 | 2551 |
| Taxes -607 | -573 |
| Capital costs -1672 | -1 970 |
| EVM profit – new business 1206 | 9 |
| EVM profit – previous years' business –3293 | -4282 |
| EVM profit – underwriting –2087 | -4274 |
| Investment result | |
| Mark-to-market investment result 9565 | 8409 |
| Benchmark investment result -5645 | -6143 |
| Gross outperformance (underperformance) 3920 | 2265 |
| Other 117 | 123 |
| Expenses -249 | -241 |
| Net outperformance (underperformance) 3788 | 2 147 |
| Taxes -810 | -469 |
| Capital costs -910 | -994 |
| EVM profit – investments 2068 | 683 |
| EVM profit -19 | -3590 |
| Cost of debt -841 | -259 |
| Release of current year capital costs 2911 | 2443 |
| Additional taxes 881 | 972 |
| Total contribution to ENW 2932 | -434 |
| | |
| Profit margin – new business, % 3.0 | 0.0 |
| Profit margin – previous years' business, % –14.2 | -16.1 |
| Profit margin – investments, % | 5.9 |

EVM balance sheet

As of 31 December

| USD millions | 2019 | 2020 |
|--|---------|---------|
| Assets | | |
| Investments | 155 013 | 123 601 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 9611 | 5458 |
| In-force business assets | 266327 | 318 440 |
| Retrocession assets | 26072 | 26848 |
| Other assets | 3 4 5 7 | 2818 |
| Total assets | 460480 | 477 165 |
| | | |
| Liabilities | | |
| In-force business liabilities | 369967 | 384 141 |
| Retrocession liabilities | 19752 | 21 900 |
| Provision for capital costs | 9850 | 11 800 |
| Future income tax liabilities | 4203 | 3510 |
| Debt | 13718 | 14817 |
| Other liabilities | 6852 | 7345 |
| Total liabilities | 424342 | 443513 |
| Economic net worth | 36138 | 33652 |
| Total liabilities and economic net worth | 460480 | 477 165 |

Statement of economic net worth

For the years ended 31 December

| USD millions 2019 | 2020 |
|--|-------------|
| | |
| Economic net worth as of 1 January 35993 | 36 138 |
| Change in EVM methodology ¹ 0 | -492 |
| Adjusted economic net worth as of 1 January 35993 | 35646 |
| Total contribution to ENW 2932 | -434 |
| Dividends and share buyback -2590 | -1 956 |
| Other, including foreign exchange on economic net worth -197 | 395 |
| Economic net worth as of 31 December 36 138 | 33652 |
| Common shares outstanding as of 31 December 290 654 942 | 288 976 399 |
| Economic net worth per share in USD as of 31 December 124.33 | 116.45 |

¹The Group decided to adopt an intensity-based approach for modelling EVM capital of underwriting activities. The impact of the change in EVM methodology was recorded as an adjustment to the opening balance of 2020 economic net worth.

Business segments - EVM income statement

For the year ended 31 December

| USD millions, unless otherwise stated | Property & Casualty Reinsurance | Life&Health Reinsurance | Corporate Solutions | Life Capital | Group items | Consolidation | Total |
|--|------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------|
| | | | | | | | |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Underwriting result | | | | | | | |
| Gross premiums and fees | 24 174 | 27 244 | 4767 | 2656 | | -517 | 58325 |
| Gross premiums and fees growth rate, % | 27.1 | 37.9 | 6.2 | 92.9 | n/a | | 30.2 |
| Premiums and fees | 23 540 | 27 213 | 4071 | 2296 | | | 57 120 |
| Premiums and fees retention rate, % | 97.4 | 99.9 | 85.4 | 86.5 | n/a | | 97.9 |
| Premiums and fees growth rate, % | 26.5 | 34.4 | 2.8 | 120.4 | n/a | | 30.2 |
| Claims and benefits | -15937 | -21 021 | -2 197 | -1758 | | | -40913 |
| Commissions | -5873 | -2702 | -626 | -334 | | | -9536 |
| Other | 14 | -6 | 59 | 380 | 4 | | 452 |
| Gross underwriting result – new business | 1 745 | 3484 | 1307 | 584 | 4 | 0 | 7 123 |
| Expenses | -1 411 | -828 | -875 | -402 | -123 | | -3639 |
| Net underwriting result – new business | 334 | 2656 | 432 | 182 | -119 | 0 | 3485 |
| Taxes | -209 | -417 | -90 | 39 | 70 | | -607 |
| Capital costs | -334 | -931 | -178 | -88 | -140 | | -1672 |
| EVM profit – new business | -209 | 1308 | 164 | 133 | -190 | 0 | 1206 |
| EVM profit – previous years' business | -1814 | -272 | -1081 | -137 | 11 | 0 | -3293 |
| EVM profit – underwriting | -2023 | 1036 | -917 | -4 | -179 | 0 | -2087 |
| Investment result | - | | | | | | |
| Mark-to-market investment result | 3 3 7 0 | 3388 | 541 | 1870 | 395 | | 9565 |
| Benchmark investment result | -2099 | -2166 | -357 | -933 | -91 | | -5645 |
| Gross outperformance (underperformance) | 1272 | 1222 | 185 | 937 | 304 | 0 | 3920 |
| Other | 66 | 26 | 11 | 13 | 1 | | 117 |
| Expenses | -103 | -71 | -20 | -28 | -26 | | -249 |
| Net outperformance (underperformance) | 1234 | 1 178 | 175 | 922 | 278 | 0 | 3788 |
| Taxes | -269 | -242 | -38 | -188 | -72 | | -810 |
| Capital costs | -338 | -197 | -25 | -139 | -211 | | -910 |
| EVM profit – investments | 627 | 739 | 112 | 596 | -6 | 0 | 2068 |
| EVM profit | -1396 | 1775 | -805 | 591 | -184 | 0 | -19 |
| Cost of debt | -273 | -322 | -45 | -151 | -50 | | -841 |
| Release of current year capital costs | 931 | 980 | 176 | 346 | 479 | | 2 9 1 1 |
| Additional taxes | 386 | 223 | -52 | 151 | 172 | | 881 |
| Total contribution to ENW | -351 | 2656 | -727 | 937 | 417 | 0 | 2932 |
| Profit margin – new business, % | -1.1 | 7.8 | 5.3 | 7.2 | n/a | n/a | 3.0 |
| Profit margin – previous years' business, % ¹ | -19.5 | -2.5 | -88.8 | -6.9 | n/a | n/a | -14.2 |
| Profit margin – investments, % | 23.2 | 18.8 | 20.5 | n/a | -0.3 | n/a | 21.8 |
| | | 70.0 | 20.0 | 11/ 4 | 0.0 | 11/4 | 27.0 |

 $^{^{1}\}text{The overall previous years'}$ business profit margin for the Reinsurance Business Unit was -10.4%.

Business segments - EVM income statement

For the year ended 31 December

| USD millions, unless otherwise stated | Property & Casualty Reinsurance | Life & Health Reinsurance | Corporate Solutions | Life Capital | Group items | Consolidation | Total |
|--|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|--------|
| | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| Underwriting result | 00.050 | 00754 | 4.004 | 0.000 | | 054 | 00.440 |
| Gross premiums and fees | 23 853 | 29754 | 4604 | 3089 | | -851 | 60449 |
| Gross premiums and fees growth rate, % | -1.3 | 9.2 | -3.4 | 16.3 | n/a | | 3.6 |
| Premiums and fees | 22886 | 29 565 | 3767 | 2 423 | | | 58 641 |
| Premiums and fees retention rate, % | 95.9 | 99.4 | 81.8 | 78.4 | n/a | | 97.0 |
| Premiums and fees growth rate, % | -2.8 | 8.6 | -7.5 | 5.5 | n/a | | 2.7 |
| Claims and benefits | -15 749 | -23461 | -2399 | -1878 | | | -43488 |
| Commissions | -5595 | -2377 | -506 | -348 | | | -8827 |
| Other | 14 | -13 | -34 | -3 | -8 | | -44 |
| Gross underwriting result – new business | 1 5 5 5 | 3714 | 828 | 193 | -8 | 0 | 6282 |
| Expenses | -1397 | -912 | -814 | -418 | -189 | | -3731 |
| Net underwriting result – new business | 158 | 2802 | 13 | -225 | -197 | 0 | 2551 |
| Taxes | -133 | -559 | -7 | 48 | 79 | | -573 |
| Capital costs | -458 | -1 197 | -104 | -91 | -120 | | -1970 |
| EVM profit – new business | -433 | 1046 | -98 | -268 | -238 | 0 | 9 |
| EVM profit – previous years' business | -1451 | -1804 | -624 | -233 | -169 | 0 | -4282 |
| EVM profit – underwriting | -1884 | -758 | -723 | -501 | -407 | 0 | -4274 |
| Investment result | | | | | | | |
| Mark-to-market investment result | 2763 | 2891 | 371 | 1694 | 690 | | 8409 |
| Benchmark investment result | -2331 | -1872 | -314 | -1572 | -54 | | -6143 |
| Gross outperformance (underperformance) | 432 | 1019 | 57 | 122 | 636 | 0 | 2265 |
| Other | 73 | 29 | 11 | 9 | 1 | | 123 |
| Expenses | -99 | -68 | -15 | -30 | -29 | | -241 |
| Net outperformance (underperformance) | 405 | 981 | 53 | 101 | 607 | 0 | 2147 |
| Taxes | -97 | -202 | -10 | -21 | -138 | | -469 |
| Capital costs | -399 | -228 | -25 | -89 | -253 | | -994 |
| EVM profit – investments | -91 | 551 | 17 | -10 | 216 | 0 | 683 |
| EVM profit | -1975 | -207 | -706 | -511 | -191 | 0 | -3590 |
| Cost of debt | -40 | | 37 | -41 | -144 | | -259 |
| Release of current year capital costs | 854 | 826 | 137 | 237 | 389 | | 2443 |
| Additional taxes | 447 | 273 | 19 | 12 | 221 | | 972 |
| Total contribution to ENW | -714 | 820 | -513 | -302 | 276 | 0 | -434 |
| Profit margin – new business, % | -2.7 | 4.6 | -4.3 | -33.7 | n/a | n/a | 0.0 |
| | -12.7 | | -4.3 -42.4 | -33.7 -17.3 | | | -16.1 |
| Profit margin – previous years' business, %1 | -12.7 -3.8 | 13.2 | 3.1 | | n/a 5.1 | n/a | 5.9 |
| Profit margin – investments, % | =3.8 | 13.2 | 3.1 | n/a | 5.1 | n/a | 5.9 |

 $^{^{1}\}mbox{The overall previous years' business profit margin for the Reinsurance Business Unit was -13.7%.$

Economic Value Management

EVM financial information

Business segments - EVM balance sheet

As of 31 December

| USD millions | Property & Casualty Reinsurance | Life & Health Reinsurance | Corporate Solutions | Life Capital | Group items | Consolidation | Total |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------|
| | | | | | | | |
| 2019 | | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Investments | 61 167 | 39811 | 8027 | 53808 | 5 745 | -13 544 | 155013 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 3675 | 1 697 | 1696 | 2540 | 2 | | 9 6 1 1 |
| In-force business assets | 20 125 | 250985 | 2564 | 39076 | | -46424 | 266327 |
| Retrocession assets | 2744 | 37957 | 6 741 | 25049 | | -46 419 | 26072 |
| Other assets | 5 101 | 3208 | 1058 | 1022 | 1756 | -8689 | 3457 |
| Total assets | 92812 | 333658 | 20087 | 121 496 | 7503 | -115 075 | 460480 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| In-force business liabilities | 63 537 | 249676 | 14870 | 87 513 | 776 | -46405 | 369967 |
| Retrocession liabilities | 662 | 38753 | 1390 | 25392 | | -46445 | 19 752 |
| Provision for capital costs | 922 | 7 2 3 1 | 257 | 1 4 4 1 | | | 9850 |
| Future income tax liabilities | -93 | 4635 | -264 | 183 | -259 | | 4203 |
| Debt | 6968 | 15216 | 866 | 1847 | 626 | -11 807 | 13718 |
| Other liabilities | 10681 | 3260 | 662 | 1164 | 1505 | -10419 | 6852 |
| Total liabilities | 82676 | 318772 | 17780 | 117540 | 2649 | -115 075 | 424342 |
| Economic net worth | 10136 | 14887 | 2306 | 3955 | 4854 | 0 | 36 138 |
| Total liabilities and economic net worth | 92812 | 333658 | 20087 | 121 496 | 7503 | -115075 | 460480 |

Business segments - EVM balance sheet

| USD millions | Property&Casualty Reinsurance | Life&Health Reinsurance | Corporate Solutions | Life Capital | Group items | Consolidation | Total |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|---------|
| | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | | | | | | | |
| Assets | | | | | | | |
| Investments | 72 541 | 41 946 | 9 119 | 4707 | 8230 | -12943 | 123 601 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 2941 | 1 625 | 546 | 294 | 53 | | 5458 |
| In-force business assets | 20967 | 280433 | 2567 | 15486 | 177 | -1 189 | 318 440 |
| Retrocession assets | 2589 | 21872 | 7 179 | 636 | | -5428 | 26848 |
| Other assets | 5694 | 4741 | 858 | 822 | 4223 | -13520 | 2818 |
| Total assets | 104732 | 350616 | 20268 | 21945 | 12683 | -33080 | 477 165 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| In-force business liabilities | 73095 | 280803 | 16 528 | 18465 | 1084 | -5834 | 384 141 |
| Retrocession liabilities | 919 | 20367 | 870 | 535 | | -790 | 21900 |
| Provision for capital costs | 1206 | 10022 | 207 | 361 | 5 | | 11800 |
| Future income tax liabilities | -886 | 5 121 | -425 | 110 | -411 | | 3 5 1 0 |
| Debt | 5774 | 16353 | 538 | 66 | 2688 | -10602 | 14817 |
| Other liabilities | 15872 | 3428 | 457 | 606 | 2836 | -15854 | 7345 |
| Total liabilities | 95 981 | 336094 | 18 175 | 20142 | 6202 | -33 080 | 443 513 |
| Economic net worth | 8 7 5 1 | 14522 | 2093 | 1803 | 6481 | 0 | 33652 |
| Total liabilities and economic net worth | 104732 | 350616 | 20268 | 21 945 | 12683 | -33080 | 477 165 |

Economic Value Management

EVM financial information

Business segments - statement of economic net worth

For the year ended 31 December

| USD millions | Property&Casualty Reinsurance | Life & Health Reinsurance | Corporate Solutions | Life Capital | Group items | Total |
|---|----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------|
| | | | , | , | , | |
| 2020 | | | | | | |
| Economic net worth as of 1 January | 10136 | 14887 | 2306 | 3955 | 4854 | 36138 |
| Change in EVM methodology ¹ | -183 | -344 | 34 | | | -492 |
| Adjusted economic net worth as of 1 January | 9953 | 14543 | 2341 | 3955 | 4854 | 35646 |
| Total contribution to ENW | -714 | 820 | -513 | -302 | 276 | -434 |
| Dividends and share buyback | -470 | -1 200 | | -1 487 | 1 201 | -1956 |
| Other, including foreign exchange on | | | | | | |
| economic net worth | -18 | 359 | 266 | -363 | 150 | 395 |
| Economic net worth as of 31 December | 8751 | 14522 | 2093 | 1803 | 6481 | 33652 |

¹The Group decided to adopt an intensity-based approach for modelling EVM capital of underwriting activities. The impact of the change in EVM methodology was recorded as an adjustment to the opening balance of 2020 economic net worth.

Comparison of EVM and US GAAP

The most significant differences between EVM and US GAAP are as follows:

- Discounting: For EVM, all future expected cash flows are discounted using risk-free interest rates. Under US GAAP, most property and casualty reserves are undiscounted (except for reserves acquired in business combinations), whereas life and health reserves are usually discounted based on book yields.
- Investments and debt: For EVM, all investments and debt positions are carried at fair value. Under US GAAP, different treatment applies for certain investments (eg real estate is held at depreciated cost) and debt is carried at amortised cost rather than at fair value.
- Reserving basis: For EVM, bestestimate current assumptions are used for all re/insurance reserves. Under US GAAP, life and health assumptions, including book yield discounting assumptions, are usually locked in and can include a provision for adverse deviation.
- Recognition differences: EVM considers the economic value related to annual management charges on unit-linked funds and adjusts for counterparty credit risk in the valuation of insurance-related net assets. In addition, EVM does not show minority interests on the balance sheet, but consolidates assets and liabilities based on the proportion of the interest held by Swiss Re.

Property & Casualty

Life & Health

Corporate

- Goodwill and other intangibles: EVM excludes the recognition of potential future new business activities, including potential renewals. As a result, no goodwill or other intangible assets are carried in the EVM balance sheet.
- Taxes: For EVM, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences between US GAAP and EVM.
- Capital costs: EVM recognises opportunity costs for shareholders' capital. The present value of capital costs allocated to existing contracts are recognised in the EVM balance sheet.

Life

Group

Business segments - reconciliation to US GAAP

As of 31 December

LICD mailliana

| USD millions | Reinsurance | Reinsurance | Solutions | Capital | items | Total |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|---------|-------|---------|
| 2019 | | | | | | |
| US GAAP shareholders' equity | 8318 | 8253 | 2005 | 5289 | 5386 | 29251 |
| Discounting | 3484 | -745 | 162 | -3796 | | -895 |
| Investments and debt | 2302 | -2305 | -34 | -39 | 491 | 414 |
| Reserving basis | | | | | | |
| GAAP margins | | 20796 | | 3 162 | | 23 958 |
| Other | 80 | -35 | 850 | -281 | -776 | -163 |
| Recognition differences | -30 | 193 | -25 | 87 | | 225 |
| Goodwill and other intangibles | -1943 | -1847 | -342 | -31 | -515 | -4678 |
| Taxes | -1043 | -2213 | -58 | 570 | 139 | -2605 |
| Capital costs | -808 | -7 187 | -230 | -1802 | | -10026 |
| Other | -224 | -21 | -22 | 796 | 129 | 659 |
| Total EVM valuation adjustments | 1818 | 6634 | 301 | -1334 | -532 | 6887 |
| Economic net worth | 10 136 | 14887 | 2306 | 3955 | 4854 | 36138 |
| | | | | | | |
| 2020 | | | | | | |
| US GAAP shareholders' equity | 9168 | 7 3 8 1 | 2021 | 1 751 | 6814 | 27 135 |
| Discounting | 1220 | -981 | 1 | -232 | | 8 |
| Investments and debt | 2401 | -2378 | -19 | 11 | 668 | 674 |
| Reserving basis | | | | | | |
| GAAP margins | | 24658 | | 897 | 85 | 25 639 |
| Other | -135 | 912 | 608 | -96 | -938 | 351 |
| Recognition differences | 117 | -955 | -55 | -82 | -29 | -1004 |
| Goodwill and other intangibles | -1978 | -1884 | -299 | -59 | -489 | -4708 |
| Taxes | -721 | -2312 | 20 | -62 | 246 | -2830 |
| Capital costs | -1 108 | -9964 | -179 | -360 | -5 | -11 615 |
| Other | -213 | 46 | -5 | 47 | 129 | 3 |
| Total EVM valuation adjustments | -417 | 7 141 | 72 | 52 | -333 | 6517 |
| Economic net worth | 8751 | 14522 | 2093 | 1803 | 6481 | 33652 |

Independent Assurance Report

on the Economic Value Management financial information as of 31 December 2020 to the Board of Directors of Swiss Re Ltd

Zurich

We have been engaged to perform a reasonable assurance engagement on the Economic Value Management ('EVM') financial information of Swiss Re Ltd (the 'Company') for the year ended 31 December 2020 (the 'EVM financial information'). The EVM financial information consists of the income statement, balance sheet, statement of economic net worth and information on business segments as set out on pages 40 to 47 in the Company's 2020 Annual Report.

All other EVM information included in, or made available outside, the Company's 2020 Annual Report was not subject to assurance procedures and, accordingly, we express no conclusion on this information.

The reporting criteria used by the Company are described in the summary of significant EVM principles (hereafter referred to as "EVM principles") as published on the Company's website (swissre.com/EVM_principles).

Board of Directors' responsibility

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the EVM financial information in accordance with the Company's EVM principles including data, valuation and accounting principles, assumptions and factors used and the related internal controls as determined necessary to enable the preparation of the EVM financial information that is free from material misstatement.

Practitioner's responsibility

Our responsibility is to perform a reasonable assurance engagement to express a conclusion on the EVM financial information as set out on pages 40 to 47 in the Company's 2020 Annual Report. We conducted our reasonable assurance engagement in accordance with International Standards on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) 'Assurance engagements other than audits or reviews of historical financial information' issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. This standard requires that we plan and perform this engagement to obtain reasonable assurance about the assurance conclusions.

A reasonable assurance engagement involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the execution of the valuation and accounting for the purpose of the EVM financial information in accordance with the Company's EVM principles. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the EVM financial information, whether due to omissions, misrepresentation, fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal controls relevant to the preparation of the EVM financial information in order to design assurance procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing a conclusion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal controls regarding the EVM financial information. A reasonable assurance engagement also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the policies used and reasonableness of significant estimates made, as well as evaluating the adequacy of the overall presentation of the EVM financial information in accordance with the Company's EVM principles.

We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our assurance conclusion

Our Independence and Quality Control

We have complied with the independence and other ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants, which is founded on the fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality and professional behavior.

Our firm applies International Standard on Quality Control 1 and accordingly maintains a comprehensive system of quality control including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

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Conclusion

In our opinion, the EVM financial information of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2020 as set out on pages 40 to 47 is prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Company's EVM principles applied as published on the Company's website (swissre.com/EVM_principles).

PricewaterhouseCoopers Ltd

Roy Clark

Jasminelhany
Jasmine Chang

Zurich, 17 March 2021



2 Swiss Re Ltd | Independent Assurance Report on the Economic Value Management financial information to the Board of Directors of Swiss Re Ltd